# Religious Studies Curriculum Summary

From the earliest years, children are naturally curious about the "Big Questions". Religious Studies at St John's provides children with the opportunity to think about these questions and to discover the answers given to them by religious faiths and philosophical thinkers through the centuries. The discursive approach employed in the RS classroom offers children the freedom to explore and to develop their views as well as a vocabulary to express them. Nurturing broad-mindedness, tolerance, and critical-thinking is at the heart of the RS curriculum.

Religious Studies at St John's aims to:

## Thinking Ethically

Can recognise that life involves choices between right and wrong and identify what is of value and concern to themselves

# Thinking Critically

Asks questions about religion and beliefs, making links between their own and other's responses

# **Expressing Belief**

Can recognise aspects of life which they find intriguing and talk about things that are important to them Can say what is important in their own lives using religious material as a starting point and describing their feelings

## Skills

## **Understanding Others**

Can describe some religious ideas from stories and some basic religious beliefs, teachings and events Can identify how religion and belief is expressed in different ways

Can describe some religious objects/places/symbols and talk about their significance Can talk about cultures other than their own

# Thinking Ethically

Can identify the effects of actions on others when considering moral dilemmas

Responds sensitively to the values and concerns of others, including those with a faith, in relation to matters of right and wrong

# Thinking Critically

Can identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs.

Can ask a range of questions about puzzling aspects of life and experience; suggest answers, including religious ones and understand that some questions are difficult to answer.

## **Expressing Belief**

Can describe experiences and feelings they share with others, including characters in a story with meaning

Can describe their own beliefs, religious or otherwise

# Skills

# **Understanding Others**

Can demonstrate knowledge of key religious beliefs, ideas and teachings and their importance

## **Expressing Belief**

Can identify questions to which there are no universally agreed answers and compare their own and other people's ideas about these

Are able to talk about the meanings of Christian stories and how they relate to their own experience

#### Skills

## **Understanding Others**

Can describe the key beliefs and teachings of the religions studied and the impact of beliefs on individuals, groups and communities

Can show understanding of ways of belonging to religions, through practices and behaviours Can identify religious symbolism and show, using technical terminology, how religious beliefs, ideas and feelings can be expressed in a variety of forms, giving meaning for some symbols, stories and language Can describe different socio-cultural forms of religious expression

# Thinking Ethically

Can link beliefs and actions in their own and others' lives and ask questions about matters of right and wrong

Can suggest answers to ethical questions that show an understanding of moral and religious issues

# Thinking Critically

Can describe similarities and differences within and between religions and beliefs

Can identify and ask questions, including questions of faith, to which there are no universally agreed answers, suggesting their own answers, making reference to the teachings of religions studied

# **Expressing Belief**

Can make links between religious stories and their own experiences, considering their own response to key religious ideas (e.g. sacrifice)

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#### Form 5 Skills

#### **Understanding Others**

Understands and is tolerant of how belonging to a religion may mean different things to different people and may create different beliefs and behaviours

Can use religious and philosophical vocabulary to show clear understanding of how and why different people express their religious and ethical beliefs

Demonstrates an understanding of how and why religious, philosophical and ethical beliefs and behaviours can change over time

Recognises key figures and themes of religious texts and can explain how and why these themes are represented

# Thinking Ethically

Can take into account different ways of seeing the world, environment, society and religions Can evaluate their own opinions on ethical dilemmas

# Thinking Critically

Can evaluate different views and reach conclusions when considering big questions Can use evidence and examples effectively to support arguments or points made

## **Expressing Belief**

Expresses personal beliefs and opinions and justifies these opinions with evidence and explanation Examines how their belief compares to the beliefs expressed in the topics covered and considers opposing beliefs to their own

## Form 5 Topics

The creation - stewardship of the natural world

Core critical writing skills

The creation - religion and science

The Fall - interpreting scripture

Cain and Abel - crime and punishment

The near sacrifice of Isaac – Biblical sacrifice, and the nature of sacrifice today and sacrificial lives

Moses - vocation

The Exodus and Passover

Elijah at Mount Carmel - journalism and fake news

David and Bathsheba – leadership and morality amongst those in the public eye

## **Expressing Belief**

Can explain and justify their beliefs using a range of reasons, evidence, reflections and examples

Can evaluate their own beliefs in light of new information and change or justify their belief accordingly

# Form 6 Topics

The Messiah – fulfillment of prophecies

Miracles – nature of miracles, miracles claimed today, places such as Lourdes

Parables - Jesus' ministry

Plato's life and thought - truth, knowledge and political philosophy

John Stuart Mill's life and thought - ethical decision-making; utilitarianism, deontology

David Hume's life and thought - arguments for the existence of God, the problem of evil

Just War Theory - analysis of a chosen war

Life and Death - euthanasia, abortion, quality vs sanctity of life

## RS develops SMSC in a wide variety of ways, including:

Understanding and exploration of a range of religious beliefs and practices

Giving children a vocabulary with which to explore beliefs and values

Teaching children about inspirational figures from around the world and how they have affected others

Exploring moral questions from religious and other points of view

Working collaboratively

Listening to one another and respecting the opinions and beliefs of others

Understanding how religious belief has shaped different communities